



Subject	Spiritual	Moral	Social	Cultural
Mathematics	By making connections between pupils' numeracy skills and real life.  By considering pattern, order, symmetry and scale both man made and in the natural world.	By engaging pupils playfully; for example, in unequal shares of resources, why might someone be upset if they received less than other people?  By reflecting on data that has moral and ethical implications; for example pupils might consider the difference in amounts of money spent on non-essentials compared with food aid/water aid	By the sharing of resources within the classroom, the negotiating of responses and group problem solving By analysing social data e.g. on health care, poverty, bullying.	By asking questions about the history of maths: for example, 'What do the Egyptians, Greeks and Indians discover that we still use in maths today?'
English	In responding to a poem, story or text; pupils can be asked 'I wonder what you think happens next?' 'How would you feel if you were the person in the story?' 'Where have you met these ideas before?'  By appreciating the beauty of Language.	By exploring stimulus for thinking about the consequences of right and wrong behaviour; pupils can speculate and apply their learning to their own lives.  When they do this they are developing their speaking, listening and higher order thinking skills.  By considering different perspectives.	By supporting conceptual and language development through an understanding of and debates about social issues.  By providing opportunities for talk in a range of settings.	By pupils telling stories from their own cultures and backgrounds creating the idea that 'everyone has a story to tell'.  By providing opportunities for pupils to engage with texts from different cultures.
Modern Foreign Languages	By exploring the beauty of languages from around the world.  By exploring the way language is constructed.	By helping pupils to have an accurate and truthful understanding of another culture.	By learning the skill of communicating in different ways.  By exploring different social conventions e.g. forms of address.	By appreciating the language and customs of others.  By exploring the literature and culture of other countries.  By taking part in exchange visits or cultural occasions.





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	By demonstrating openness to the	By offering pupils the chance	By using opportunities during	By asking questions about the
	fact that some answers	to consider the wonder of the	Science lessons to explain	ways in which scientific
	cannot be provided by	natural world and the	how to keep other people	discoveries from around the
	Science.	inventions which have made	safe and how they might	world have affected our lives.
		the world a better place.	protect a younger or	
	By creating opportunities for		vulnerable young person.	There is a rich heritage of
	pupils to ask questions about	By considering that not all		scientific discoveries from
	how living things rely on and	developments have been	By exploring the social	Hindu, Egyptian and Muslim
Science	contribute to their environment.	good because they have	dimension of scientific	traditions
		caused harm to the	advances e.g. environmental	
	By using tools such as Star	environment and to people.	concerns, medical advances,	
	Walk which allow pupils to plot the		energy processes	
	stars in relation to their location and	By encouraging pupils to		
	open up	speculate about how science can be		
	questions about the size of the	used both for good		
	universe and how it might	and evil.		
	have been formed.			
	By considering how things	By exploring the results of right and	By giving the trigger for	By exploring local history and
	would be different if the	wrong behaviour in the past.	discussions about how groups and	under researched history and
	course of events had been		communities organised themselves	history around us.
	different; for example what	By considering some of the	in the past.	
	difference would it have	characteristics of people who		By investigating how culture is
	made if the Normans had not	have had a bad influence	By considering questions	shaped by history, exploring the
	been successful in 1066?	and caused suffering to others.	about social structure in the	'cultural heritage' and in particular
		What have others	past.; for example, What might	the Christian influence on British
	By looking at local history and	done to stop injustice? Are	pupils say about the	culture.
History	investigating the reasons why	there examples from their own local	rights of children in earlier	
History	there is a landmark, building	area?	times? Is it important that	By taking pupils on visits to
	or museum.		society looks after young	heritage sites.
		By going beyond the facts	children? Are there people	
	By speculating about how we	and asking pupils to make	who still don't get a fair deal?	
	mark important events from	hypotheses and pose		
	history and the people who	questions such as 'what if?'	By encouraging pupils to talk	
	shaped them.	'what would have turned a	to their parents and	
		tragedy into a triumph?'	grandparents; for example,	
			when learning about World	
			War Two.	





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Geography	By using Google maps and asking pupils to imagine what it might be like to live in different parts of the world.  By making links with history when exploring the environment and speculating on why the landscape is as it is.  By comparing their lives with pupils living in other countries or other part of the UK, possibly through a schools linking programme (epals)	By considering how people treat the environment; posing questions such as, 'How are we changing our surroundings – are some things for the better and others for the worse?' Who benefits and who suffers? What should be our personal response to these? Who should look after our environment?  By working towards an Eco School status	By providing positive and effective links with the wider community, both locally and through linking with other schools with different demographics both in the UK and globally.  By considering social responsibility e.g care for the environment, impact of traffic on the local area, tourism.	By making links with other countries through schools linking and cultural theme days.  By exploring links through the British Council and European Union.  By exploring cultures that have had, and still have an impact on the local area.
Religious Education	By experiencing wonder and joy through learning about stories, celebrations, rituals and different expressions of religion and worldviews.  By asking and responding to questions of meaning and purpose.  By considering questions about God and evaluating truth claims.  By exploring spiritual practices such as worship and payer, and considering the impact of these on believers and any relevance to their own life.	By exploring morality including rules, teachings and commands such as The Golden Rule, the ten commandments, the sayings (hadith) of Muhammad.  By investigating the importance of service to others in Sikhism, Hinduism and Buddhism.  By exploring religious perspectives and responses to evil and suffering in the world By asking questions about the purpose and meaning of reconciliation and salvation e.g exploring Yom Kippur, Christian salvation story  By using Discovery RE Scheme of Work.	By exploring the qualities which are valued by a civilised society — thoughtfulness, honesty, respect for difference, independence and interdependence.  By asking questions about the social impact of religion.	By exploring similarities and differences between faiths and cultures.  By considering in particular different cultural expressions of different religions.  By engaging with text, artefacts and other sources from different cultures and religious backgrounds



## Woodside Primary Academy Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development

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PSHE	By developing awareness of and responding to others' needs and wants.  By exploring meaning and purpose for individuals and society.  By developing resilience and inner strength.	By exploring what is right and wrong and to work out what we need to do in this community to make sure everyone thrives.  By making explicit links to the school's life values.	By helping pupils to engage in a democratic process for agreeing the rules for community life.  By creating opportunities for pupils to exercise leadership and responsibility; pupils might be asked 'Why do we think this important?' 'What could we do about it?' 'Who would like to take it	By exploring how different cultures can offer great insights into how we lead our lives.
Art and Design	By providing plenty of rich opportunities for pupils both to explore the spiritual dimension and natural phenomena e.g. Northern Lights.  By allowing pupils to show what they know through their own expression of big ideas about life e.g. morality, ethical issues.  By promoting the process of 'reviewing and evaluating'.	By exploring how emotions and inner feelings are expressed though painting, sculpture and architecture.  By responses to and use of visual images to evoke a range of emotions	further?'  By sharing of resources.  By exploring social conflict and resolution.  By exploring art as a powerful social tool e.g. in advertising, in representing particular groups	By experiencing a wide range of creative media from around the world.  By achieving the 'Arts Mark' award.  By developing aesthetic and critical awareness.
Music	By allowing pupils to show their delight and curiosity in creating their own sounds.  By making links between their learning in literacy (or other curriculum area) with music being played as background.  By considering how music makes one feel and can 'move us' deeply.	By exploring how music can convey human emotions such as sadness, joy, anger.  By appreciating the self-discipline required to learn a musical instrument.	By exploring how s an orchestra works together.  By discussing What would happen if musicians in a band/group didn't cooperate.  By appreciating how music is used in different ways in different settings e.g. for pleasure, for worship, to help people relax.	By giving all pupils an opportunity to learn a musical instrument and to take part regularly in singing.  By encouraging pupils to listen and respond to traditions from around the world.  By appreciating musical expression from different times and places.





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Drama	By allowing for insight, self- expression and the chance to walk in someone else's shoes.	By expressing what it feels like to be wronged and what remedies might make things better for the injured.	By exploring similarities and differences and how respect for others can be expressed.  By building self- esteem and encouraging self-worth.	By taking different roles from other backgrounds.  By using different dramatic conventions to encourage empathy.
Design and Technology	By enjoying and celebrating personal creativity.  By reviewing and evaluating created things.	By raising questions about the effect of technological change on human life and the world around them.	By exploring dilemmas that individuals may face and developing practical solutions to these problems.	By considering cultural influences on design.  By asking questions about functionality v aesthetics.
Computing	By wondering at the power of the digital age e.g. use of the internet.  By understanding the advantages and limitations of ICT.  By using the internet as a gateway to big life issues.	By exploring the moral issues surrounding the use of data.  By considering the benefits and potential dangers of the internet – eg campaigns for charities and injustice as a force for good. Cyber bullying as a danger.  By considering the vision of those involved in developing the web.	By links through digital media services with other schools and communities.  By highlighting ways to stay safe when using on line services and social media.  By being prepared to work with technology to forge new relationships.  By discussing the impact of ICT on the ways people communicate.	By exploring human achievements and creativity in relation to worldwide communications.  By developing a sense of awe and wonder at human ingenuity.
Physical Education	By delighting in movement, particularly when pupils are able to show spontaneity.  By taking part in activities such as dance, games and gymnastics which help pupils to become more focused, connected and creative.  By being aware of one's own strengths and limitations.	By discussing fair play and the value of team work.  By developing qualities of self-discipline, commitment and Perseverance.  By developing positive sporting behaviour.	By developing a sense of belonging and self-esteem through team work.  By developing a sense of community identity through taking part in inter school events.	By learning about the history of sport, and where they originate from.  By making links with national and global sporting events such as the World Cup and the Olympics.  By exploring rituals surrounding sporting activities.